ELBERT H. AULL, EDITOR. ELBERT H. AULL, Proprietors.

NEWBERRY, S. C,

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1889

We publish elsewhere an article from Dr. Pope, of Newberry, favoring the position of 'protection to American industries. It is a strong letter.

Col. W. C. Keith, an able lawyer of Walhalla, and one of the editors of the Keowee Courier, died after a brief illness on 8th inst. His death will be a loss to the press of the State.

Mr. C. H. Prince, of the Florence Times, has sold a half interest in his paper to Mr. R. C. Starr, Jr., who will in the future conduct the editorial department of the paper. We welcome Mr. Starr into the ranks, and wish the Times abundant success under the new management.

We publish elsewhere in this paper an article from the Manufacturer's Record on the "Race question in the South," and we are inclined to agree with the Record that the best solution of this problem is white immigration. We believe it is best for the white man and for the negro. The negro, if let alone, and not fooled up by white men, will as a rule, behave himself very well.

"The incorporated companies Birmingham, representing mainly manufacturing, mining, and land companies, have an aggregate capital stock of over \$75,000,000.

That is considerable wealth to be engaged in manufacturing in a young town like Birmingham, yet there is much room for these enterprises in the South. There is not much danger, at least for some time, of overdoing the business.

Court had to be adjourned af noon on Tuesday until Wednesday morning, there being no case ready for trial. This should not be. The jurors are brought here and should be kept at work until they are through. It is an expense to the county and it is not right to keep jurors unless there is something for them to do. They are, or ought to be, men who have business at home. We do not know whether it is the fault of lawyers, witnesses, or litigants. We do not believe in hasty work, but we believe in keeping at it.

The editors of the Greenwood Tribune and the Greenwood Atlas have been using their columns and their intellects of late, very freely, in villifying might exercise his prerogative if he saw each other, and calling each other fit. The President did see fit and when names, and telling the public all about their private and personal affairs. It is well for brethren to dwell together in peace, and we would like to suggest that these editors keep these personal matters out of their editorials. The public is not much interested in these things, but if both gentlemen desire to publish papers at Greenwood, the public will watch with interest a generous rivalry between them.

THE PRESENTMENT OF THE GRAND

The presentment of the grand jury is published on the outside of this paper. The present jury has gone to work in earnest, and as if the members intended to do their full duty. They favor the position of Judge Hudson that there is need of a change in the law in regard to the rule requiring unanmity in the verdict of the jury. We are not prepared to endorse this position of the grand jury, for we do not believe there is any need for such a change in our laws. Let the jurors be impressed with the importance and magnitude of their office and with the sanctity of the oath they have taken and it is not often that you will find a juror who will perjure himself. And when he does not find a verdict according to the law and the evidence, as he is sworn to do, he does perjure himself. Our institutions and laws are very jealous of the life and liberty of the citizen. One of the great troubles in our criminal courts is to get the truth and the whole truth.

The recommendation of the grand jury in regard to improvements in our court room is a very proper one, and should receive immediate attention. The improvements will cost very little to the county and add very much to the comfort and convenience of the

The vacancy in the office of County Commissioners has been filled.

The presentment is a very full and a very good one. The grand jury holds a very important office in the county and if properly administered will do much good in the management of county affairs.

WHAT THE SOUTH NEEDS.

The Manufacturers Record makes the remarkable statement that it has found "one Southern man who regrets to see the rapid industrial development of the Scuth." The Record then goes on to show how the South has been dependent upon other sections for its manufactured articles, and in a large measure, for its bread stuffs, though we have one of the richest countries on the globe in mineral and natural resources, and well adapted to manufactures. We have grown poor by depending entirely upon agriculture, and the main product being cotton. While doing this and pursuing this policy we have sent millions away from home for our bread and meat, and for all our manufactured articles. Our wagons, buggies, and carriages; our farming implements; our clothes, and carpets, and blankets, were all manufactured elsewhere. We have a magnificent country, rich in

manufactures as compared with other "The South, with an area of over

550,000 square miles, having a popula-tion of about 16,500,000 in 1880, had only \$257,237,000 invested in manufactures, the total value of the products being \$457,448,000, while Pennsylvania, with an area of 45,000 square miles and 4,280,000 inhabitants, had \$474,409,000 the same men who a few years ago as much value to the negroes as to the invested in manufactures, which pro- advocated the non-taxing of cotton whites, because the former improve duced that year \$744,748,000 of goods. mills in this State, with a view, as they very much more rapidly where they Pennsylvania, with less than one-tenth said, of encouraging manufacturers, are exceed the latter in numbers. Immiof the area, with less than one-fourth of the population, and with natural resources not equal even to the one State of Alabama or Kentucky, had them advocated a tax on drummers, ly settle all fear of any future \$217,000,000 more invested in manufac- with a view to protecting home mer- unpleasant race issues. tures than the entire fourteen Southern chants, which was an odious protectof the South fully appreciate this, States, Maryland to Texas, and pro- tion, because it was against citizens of and they are anxious to secure a large duced nearly \$300,000,000 more of manu- other States of a common country, and influx of settlers. How shall this be full turnout young men. factured goods than the whole South. | yet, forsooth, some of those persons so secured? New York, with an area of 45,000 square miles and 5,000,000 inhabitants, had lently opposed to a protective tariff by \$514,246,000 invested in manufactures, the General Government. or twice as much capital and more than in America. It goes hand in hand with mechanics will readily flock South as which produced \$1,080,638,000 of goods, twice as great product as the entire a tariff. The one is inseparable from the rapidly as the demand for their labor Hope he will succeed. South. Even Massachusetts, with an other and a tariff has existed almost gives assurance of steady employment area of 8,040 square miles, or only oneseventieth of the South's area, and with | ment. Mr. Calhoun was originally a | settle, if well pleased, as the majority

goods, or \$174,000,000 more than the If any one thinks there is not room

and a need for more manufacturing enponder the figures above given. Our resources are inexhaustible and thegreat need for us to become a rich and prosperous people is to develop these re-

The wonder is that we did not become bankrupt by pursuing a policy that was such a drain on our resources. There is no danger of this development becoming too rapid, at least, until we come nearer supplying our own needs.

A CIVIL SERVICE.

Judge Edgerton of the Civil Service Commission Removed by the President and Gevernor Hugh S. Thompson Appointed in his Place.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 9.-The President to-day sent the following nomination to the Senate: Hugh S. Thompson, of South Carolina. to be United States Civil Service Commissioner in place of Alfred P. Edgerton,

removed. Judge Edgertor was at the Capital this afternoon. He says that he had received no intimation from the President of any intention to remove him from office until yesterday when he called at the White House. The President then requested him to resign his office in order that it might be filled by Mr Tnompson. The President said that there was little hope of securing the place for Thompson as long as there was but a single vacancy on the Com-Judge Edgerton, however, mission. promptly declined to resign holding that his resignation would not be polite, creditable to himself or calculated to help any other person (intimating that Thompson could not be confirmed if nominated). Of course the President he (Edgerton) reached his office this morning he found the following letter

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, Feb. 9th, '89. "Dear Sir: Your are hereby removed from the office of United States Civil

(Signed) "GROVER CLEVELAND. To Hon. A. P. Edgerton."

Sirvice Commissioner.

When the news was communicated to the remaining Commissioner-Lyman -that officer was surprised and found himself in a predicament as he was by no means satisfied that he had authority single handed to discharge the formal duties of the Civil Service Commission. Judge Edgerton says he can't recall any differences with the President during his term of office except those growing out of what he describes as "the fact that the President is the first mugwump in the land while I amla straight out Democrat."

He intends to write a letter to the President in a day or two acknowledging the receipt of his notice of removal and perhaps adding an expression of his opinion upon the President's course in

THE WORK OF THE ALLIANCE.

Merchants Want Paying Customers and Farmers Want Cheap Goods.

[Special to News and Courier.] SPARTANBURG, February 7 .- The County Alliance will meet here Saturday. They are now working at the supply problem. They have secured reduced rates on many articles in common use by farmers. If they can work the merchants down to a smaller per cent on their goods and get themselves up to prompt payment it will be better all round. The merchant has suffered at the facts, to get the witnesses to tell much in the past by crediting men who are very slow, The interest on past due accounts eat up the profits. One may have a nice little balance to his credit on his books, but a few slow men and others who do not pay at all will reduce this balance very much.

The two-sided problem is this: The Alliance men want cheaper supplies, and the merchants want customers who will pay promptly on the very day they promise. If the Alliance can bring that state of affairs about it will do good.

THE COLORED FARMERS OF KERSHAW. CAMDEN, February 7 .- The colored Farmers' Alliance have decided to do their trading at Camden, at the store of Baum Bros. & Stein.

A SENSATION IN BALTIMORE.

A South Carolinian Robbed by a Nephew of Abraham Lincoln.

BALTIMORE, February 8 .- Samuel W. Lincoln, a nephew of Ex-President Lincoln, was before United States Commissioner Rogers to-day charged with abstracting money from a letter sent through the mails addressed to Ryan A. Gyles. Lincoln is from Lacy's Springs, Va., and claims to be a temperance lecturer. His victim is a medical student. Both boarded at the same house. A money order for \$25 came to Gyles, but Lincoln captured it, and had it cashed at the postoffice Sat-

urday last. Congressman C. F. O'Ferrall, from the Seventh-district of Virginia, a personal friend of the defendant, appeared in the latter's behalf, and secured a postponement of the trial till to-morrow. and it is prebable a compromise will be effected. Lincoln is positively identified as the thief, and makes no denial of his guilt. Mr. Gyles is from South

Death of Hon. W. C. Keith.

WALHALLA, February 8.—Yesterday afternoon, at 6 o'clock, the Hon. W. C. natural resources, but we need to do Keith died unexpectedly to his friends, even more than we are now doing in after a few days' illness of typhoid the establishment of manufacturing pneumonia, at the age of 53. Col. Keith filled many places of honor and trust in enterprises. The Record says: "The this county. He has served many terms South has made a beginning and is in the Legislature and for many years rapidly developing its natural resources, stood almost alone as a leader of the but it will be years before even the bemocratic party. For a number of home market is fully supplied." The home market is fully supplied. The home market is fully supplied in the home market home market is fully supplied." The years he has been one of the editors of the Keowee Courier, and has always following figures taken by the Record stood as one of the most prominent and from the census will give some idea of successful criminal lawyers in this part what the South has done in the way of of the State.

AN APOSTLE OF PROTECTION.

Dr. Pope Claims that the Democratic Party is the Party of Protection, and that Protection is Necessary to Southern Development.

To the Editor of the News and Coufavoring a "drummers' tax" are vio-Incidental protection is no new idea

a population of but 1,783,000, or but tariff man, but for some cause after- are, they soon begin to seek to draw little over one-tenth of the South's, wards became a Free Trader. We felt their friends there. One family is but with a bleak and uninviting climate, the effects of his teachings in this State with no mineral or timber wealth of for his was a great intellect and his influence of these, there is a gradual inany importance, had \$303,800,000 in- character was above reproach; hence, vested in manufactures, or \$46,000,000 his teachings were accepted by a large gardeners, who locate near the most more than the whole South and promajority of the people of the State as thriving manufacturing towns. This duced \$631,500,000 of manufactured the true doctrine, just as his internal is a tangible direct way to encourage the State of nearly two millions of terprises in the South, let him read and the Democratic party, was in power, develop these resources and furnish with Andrew Jackson as President, in employment for skilled labor. 1832, when the tariff agitation was at its greatest height and came so near preciptating the country into a revolution. In fact, it was the prime cause which afterwards brought on the war, it was the small spark which afterwards grew into the flame of destruction which swept over this prosperous country and laid our Southland in ashes harpy and prosperous people and causing the destruction of what was more valuable than property, hundreds and thousands, of human lives, our best citizens. The voices of Petigru, O'Neall, Huger and other patriots were raised against nullification in 1832 only to be silenced by the voice of a majority of the people of the State under the leadership of the great Governor James Hamilton, who saw the error that he had committed in after years when it was too late to stem the tide of dis-

> The Democratic party swept the country four years ago after being out of power for twenty-four years. With proper management that party might have held the reius of government for years and years, but alas! there were nose members of the party, including the Chief Magistrate, who thought that the time had come to change the policy of the party, to make war, as it were, was split in twain as a result. In the says: South, with an enemy at our door, we had introduced a bill in the Senate the richest section on earth. protecting all of the Northern interests. Immigration is her golden goose. This satisfied the North, but in the By immigration her now worthless same bill he struck rice and sugar a heavier blow than did the Mills bill. This no doubt was intended as a punishment to us for clinging to the Demosee, however, that now that the election is over an attempt is being made to remedy this to some extent by giving some protection to rice and sugar in

two ways, by a duty and by giving a bounty of so much per pound on each one of the articles. The Democratic party has always been the protective party, but it has by selecting bad generals given it over to the enemy. When the public debt was naid off in '34 or '5 there was a large surplus in the treasury. This, except nough to run the Government for a ear or more, was in 1836 divided among the States. At the time there was ninety millions of gold in the country, free trade was adopted, and in twelve months' time the gold all went abroad to pay the balance of trade, which was gainst us, leaving nothing but a small amount of silver and a large amount of paper in the country. The panic of 1837 was the consequence, and the Government was only too glad to go back to a tariff, and thus get back a circulating

medium which, under free trade, had

The lower the tariff the larger will be

rone abroad.

the balance of trade against us, and as consequence the less gold will there e left as a circulating medium, and the reater the danger of a financial panic. listory is repeating itself. The same thing is staring us in the face as in 1832, with this exception, that then it beokened war between the States, now it means the destruction of the Democratic party. Will we act blindly as we did then, or will we see to it that there shall be a free and fair discussion of the question in all its bearings, and a consequent rectification of false steps? We can do this without endangering our civilization or our party. To do so, however, every man must think for himself and once he is satisfied that he is right, proceed to speak out. Follow 10 man blindly. That was our mistake n 1832. Our party being of the people, by the people and for the people, make each one of us to stand for himself until the majority shall decide the matter. My opinion is that protection is necessary to the success of our manufacturing and agricultural interests, and mean by protection that we should have just that amount that will follow a tariff sufficient to meet the expenses of the Government, and that each industry shall receive its proportionate share: that is, that if there is too much revenue now raised that the tariff should be revised, some things dropped off, such as medicines, that then after ascertaining the amount to be raised that there shall be a horizontal reduction made to meet that amount. If this is done all will be protected equally;

some articles are given a greater degree of protection and at the expense of This question will not down at the bidding of any man. It is the great question of the day, and newspapers may speak of the tariff as robbery, by strong editorials they may attempt to destroy or hold up to ridicule those who differ with them, they may make unfair deductions, they may misstate figures and facts, but it will not avail them. The time is passed when bull-dozing and ridicule will stop the mouth of an a common cause. It is impossible for us to think alike in everything. Each one of us is honest in his views, and will argument that he is wrong. We are all agreed, however, on one point with deep, and in so doing he lost his balance which the tariff has nothing to do-we and fell headforemost into the hole, are determined to stand together as where he was drowned. brothers for the up-lifting and prepetuation of Anglo-Saxon supremacy.

but as is now proposed by both parties

Newberry, S. C., January 23, 1889.

Earthquakes in California. SAN FRANCISCO, February 7 .-- Earth-

The Race Question in the South.

[Manufacturers' Record.] It is everywhere admitted that a large increase in the white population of the South by means of heavy immigration would be a great blessing to that section. It would settle the pulpit for Rev. C. A. Marks in Grace rier: It is a little singular that some of much-talked of race question, and be of church on Sunday, both morning and now opposed to a productive tariff on gration of the better class of whites is the part of the General Government; now one of the South's greatest needs, yet such is a fact. And, again, some of and one which, if secured, would quick-

turns-is to encourage the develop- er and mechanic, he'll do well. This ment of industrial interests. Northern since the foundation of the Govern- at profitable wages, Wherever they the forerunner of others, and from the coming of truck growers or market improvement ideas were, to the cost of immigration, but factories must be established to furnish employment; the dollars, and, mark you, his tariff teach- yast stores of mineral and timber ings were in opposition to those of his | wealth must be made known to the party, for it will be remembered that world that capitalists may come in and Here and there it may be possible to

attract a few farmers, and in time it will be easy to secure thousands where tens go now, but for a few years, immiof furnaces and factories. The redemption of the agricultural interests of the South from poverty to prosperity, and despair, reducing to poverty a once and the final settlement of all race issues to the benefit of that section, must come mainly through manufactures. A large immigration which would overcome the preponderance of the colored race in parts of the South, and a home market for all that the Southern farmer raises are the two great essentials necessary to the permanent pros- sending the mercury down to 13. perity of that section. The growth of manufactures and mining will secure both of these, and hence the South should to-day give its greatest attention to the building up of every branch of industry, and to making its natural resources so widely known that the that they may share in the developments of its coal and iron and timber interests. These will be the advance guard; they can be easily secured by persistent work, and then will come later on the farmers, who will help to develop the agricultural possibilities of upon the manufacturing and industrial this fair land. A correspondent of the week. nterests of the country, and the Mills | Little Rock Gazette, writing from Kanbill was selected as the muchinery to sas City, referring to the industrial do this thing. The party at the North progress already made by the South,

and sugar, were virtually destroyed by | tion, and every man is an enthusiastic former, and their leader, Mr. Sherman, world, since in natural advantage it is

gold; her endless wilderness of timber will be converted into valuable merchandise, her swamps will be gardens cratic party in spite of the Mills bill. I and her river bluffs will be lined with gleaming cities. By it the value of her and her cotton, iron and lumber will be near Colony church was destroyed by farming lands will be increased tenfold manufactured at home instead of 1,000 miles away, thus saving to her people all the profit of manufacture, a stil greater item than the increased value f the lands. By it all race problems and sectional prejudice will disappear altogether, and a dream of empire may be realized. Not one of the old fashioned and diabolical sort of dreams of empire, based on vain military glory and the ruin of the people, but one which will improve the condition of every citizen of the South, and which to all races and classes will prove a blessing,

and by which the world will be beneled in the increase of wealch. These wo States, being contiguous to the West (in fact a part of it), are of course reach them all, and even South Caro-

lina will some day fall into line." The South must let the world know what it has: where its great mineral and timber wealth can be found, and, while all should work in harmony there ought at the same time to be a generous rivalry that every city or town may be stimulated to do its utmost to attract the attention of business men generally of the North and West.

PROMIBITION IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Campa'an Pomises to be One of the Hottest Ever Fought in the State

fight against the prohibition amendment which will be voted on in this state on June 18. has begun. Liquor men in the western portion of the state are effecting an organization, prompted by the millions which they have inrested in the manufacture of Monongahela rye, and will make an aggresive campaign. The temperance peoole are somewhat divided. The fol-Others favor a to the amendment. good high license. While the amendnent has been submitted by the Reoublican party, prominent Republicans of the state say the Republican party s not committed to its support, and many of the leaders will work against prohibition. All indications point to the fact that the fight will be one of the and Manchester. Ne damage was done. hottest ever experienced in the state.

Sad Fate of an Old Man While Slaking His Thirst on the Roadside.

[Special to the Register.] NINETY-SIX, February 8 .- When the freight train from Columbia, due at Ninety-Six at 5 p. m., passed a point four miles east of here yesterday evening, the conductor saw the body of a dead man beside the track in the water. He reported the fact here, and this morning a party of men went to the spot, and there an inquest was held. adversary or will be accepted as argu-ment by the public. We are brothers in 70 years old, and said to have come from near McNeary's Ferry, in lower Edgefield. He is supposed to have descended from the railroad track, upon cling to them until convinced by manly | which he was walking, and attempted to drink water from a spring three feet

Damage Suit Against the C. & G. Road.

GREENVILLE, February 8.—The adpisted lying on the floor. The deceased ministrator of the estate of the late W. was 32 years of age and a native of was 32 years of age and a native of quake shocks, occuring at 9 29 last B. Wehrle has entered suit against the night, are reported from Los Angeles Columbia and Greenville Railroad \$500 Offered for an incurable case of down by a train at the Air Line depot died at Beckmantown, and a colored Catarrh by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's and sustained injuries from which he woman, aged 114 years, died in Balti-Remedy. 50 cents, by druggists.

PROSPERITY LETTER.

A. A. Kibler is in attendance on the United States Court at Greenville as a juryman from our town.

Candidate H. P. Counts filled the

Miss Minnie Hussing, of Columbia, is spending awhile in town, the guest of Miss Sallie Lee Boinest. On next Thursday night the services in the Y. M. C. A. room will be con-

ducted by Prof. Edwards. Subject, "Where are the nine?" Let us have a If Mr. J. E. Schumpert makes as The first and most important way -the one that will yield the largest re- | good juryman as he does cotton weigh- | umbia.

is his first effort at the jury business.

Bridging the bloody chasm-removing the old Libby prison from Richmond to Chicago for a war museumto perpetuate the little bitter memories of the little misunderstanding between the States. I expect Ingalls will have charge of the concern when it is put in proper running order, at least he will be a very suitable person to run the

On last Sunday evening, about 4 o'clock, the residence with its entire contents, belonging to Mr. James Frazier, of the Macedonian section, was destroyed by fire. The family had been absent only about an hour before the dwelling was discovered to be on fire. gration will mainly come through the It is thought to have been the work of gree. development of mines and the building an incendiary, from the fact the woods was on fire at several places near the house, before the fire had burned through the roof. No suspicion how- don't enjoy such occasions as well as left in a sad condition.

Winter has been loth to put in appearance this season, but last week, and up to date has gone a full scholar,

Our cotton report for the past week foots up 158 bales, with a total to date last. of 6,636. Price to-day for middlings 91 |

The farmers are busy making ready for the seeding of another crop. The people of the North and West will spring sowing of oats is about over. crowd in thousands towards this section Fall oats and wheat are not looking well. The light fall of snow on Sunday night was a welcome visitor to the farmers, and they only wished it had been more and lasted much longer i. e. ing letter from our young friend, Mr. lay on the ground for several days or a

A great many people come from "When the Southern press and poli- cause they get good bargains-get lots from coming in contact with those shut our eyes and swallowed the mor-sel, although two of our interests, rice they do in the West and talk immigra-baye come quite a distance on other tigers. it. The national party met defeat at the advertising machine, so to speak, as he and more important business-come hands of the Republican party. The is in the West, then the South will be here to get good wives. To this class wish to praise our community in belatter had seen the mistakes of the most prosperous section in the belongs Mr. Fed. Calmes, of the Mollo-half of beauty, for we have some as hon section, who come to town on last pretty girls in our vicinity as can be retinue of friends, and took unto himmountains of iron and coal will turn to seif Miss Sallie Wise, daughter of Maj. keepers too. We don't intend this as

vide for during life. On last Thursday the do fire. The fire is thought to have been caused by rats and matches. No insur- companions as possible. We are forced ance. Mr. and Mrs. Brooks are both old people and need assistance.

Last Thursday night in the Y. M. C. A. room, this question was debated: Resolved, That Foreign immigration o the United States should be restrict-

Dr. C. T. Wyche opened the discus-Esq., espoused the cause of the negain a clear, logical and forcible manner, and each warmly contested his posilated from sound logical positions.

Mrs. Butler Banks and her six little ones have gone to the Newberry Cotton Mills, where she and her two oldest children will get employment at living wages. This is the very best thing she could do. She could not live in her former home. It is in ashes; and the men who were so base and devilish as to burn her house, amid her pleading for shelter for herself and little ones, are mean enough to do worse. In fact, her exit from this world, just about now, might be a source of rejoicing to some people. In the cotton mills she not only receives remunerative wages, but she is protected, she is secure and happy YUBE. and serene.

Earthquake in South Carolina.

BEAUFORT, February 8 .- A slight arthquake shock was felt here and on owers of Francis Murphy are opposed St. Helena Island last evening about seven o'clock. The usual rumbling sound preceded the tremor. The shock on the island was severe enough to most practical system of making and

stop a clock. AN EARTHQUAKE IN ENGLAND. LONDON, February 11 .- A shock of earth quake was felt to-day at Bolton have only to see the public highways. The earth tremors extended to Wigan, Blackburn and Stockport. They were accompanied by repeated rumblings.

EARTHQUAKE IN NAPLES. NAPLES, February 11 .- A shock of earthquake was felt in this city to-day. Vesuvius is again active.

AN EARTHQUAKE PANIC IN CALIFOR-SAN FRANCISCO, February 14.-News omes from San Jacinto, a little mountain town in the extreme northern part of San Diego County, that an earth-quake shock a few days ago was so se-

of the teacher and children. vere that a dance in a large hall was broken up, and the 200 people present sought safety by jumping through the windows. Many were trampled under foot, others were cut by broken glass, ford, Prosperity, S. C. May success atbut no one was fatally hurt.

Spicide of Governor Lee's Secretary.

RICHMOND, VA., February 7 .- Capt James E. Waller, private secretary to Governor Lee, was found dead in his office at the State Capitol building this morning with a bullet hole in right a fair trial, it will cure all diseases arisside of his head, and a Smith & Wesson Stafford County. No cause is assigned.

oldest woman in Northern New York Get ready for a good laugh. "Skipped by the Light of the Moon" will be here next Saturday night,

NOTES FROM EXCELSIOR.

The writer is improving but still confined in prison. Our farmers are beginning to turn the

The sick in our community are again convalescing.

Miss Beulah Barre, of Prosperity, visited in this vicinity last week.

Miss Leuvenia Chapman, of Ridge Road, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Crosson. Mr. J. M. Werts and family, of Mt. Pilgrim section, spent Sunday with

relatives in this community. brother, Rev. M. M. Kinard, of Col-

Carrie, of Prosperity, spent Saturday started for Edgefield to surrender him night with Mr. H. S. B. Kibler's fam-H. M. Singley & Co., have moved

busily engaged sawing lumber. Misses Ellen and Lillie Counts, of Prosperity, spent Friday in this community and attended the afternoon exercises of school.

Mt. Tabor Church where they are

his school mate, Mr. Samuel Bookhardt, of Newberry College spent Sunday with his folks at home. Some cold weather was experienced

last week and it is feared that small grain has been injured to some de-Some of our neighbors occasionally

entertain the boys by giving them a

"log rolling," but we imagine the boys

ever, and no insurance. This family is they do twistification. How about it. The larger pupils of school have organized themselves into a debating society for Friday evening exercise Several visitors were present to wit-

> ness the exercises on Friday evening The writer returns thanks to that her "birth day." May she live to witness another like occasion as sweet

memories of the one just passed.

We were pleased to notice in last week's Herald and News an interest-D. C. Dickert, formerly of Newberry, though now of New Lorado, Mexico, where he is engaged in railoading. quite a distance to make purchase of Glad to know our friend is very well goods and supplies from our town be- pleased with Mexico but should keep

While other communities are being complimented as to pretty girls we also Wednesday evening with a whole found in any scope of country and an advertisement for our girls by no means for we are single yet ourselves. The negro problem has been dis-

cussed considerably during the past while. We are in favor of letting the emigrant agent capture as many of his to believe if South Carolina was free from the colored race to day that she would be in a more prosperous condition. We are not in favor of mistreating the negro, however, but we are in favor of having peace.

Reports tell us that our young friend J. A. C. K. who has during the past sion on affirmative, and S. B. Lathan, while been bothered no little with a strange cat around his premises at tive. Both of these gentlemen had night concluded a few nights ago that sas stood at the head of the list in the given the subject some thought, and he would take the visitor on his surnumber of new schools, while Texas each presented his side of the question prise, so our frierd out with pistol in hand and fired at the cat and on hearing a dreadful flopping at his chicken tion. The debate was not only highly | roost rushed to the spot to see what was the first which the enterprising and progressive spirit of the West reaches interesting but was indeed instructive. and permeates, but will eventually The political and social features of the found that the ball from his pistol had problem were both thoroughly ventil taken its flight to the chicken roost and captured his fine rooster which he thought so much of. Our friend on seeing exactly what he had done, exclaimed: "Dear wife, the cat has escaped but we will have chicken for breakfast." Our friend K. is a sure shot on a cat but he certainly is fond of chicken too.

NOTES FROM ST. FUKE'S

While it may not be news we herald

to the cordinal points of Newberry

County that our County Commission-

er Perry is the right man in the right place. He is doubtless related to one whose life and career is well known to the readers of history. Judging from the improvements already begun near our worthy Representative's, R. T. C. Hunter's, we naturally infer that Mr. Perry thoroughly understands the works of Macadam, Parnell, Penfold and others, who by close investigations defendant by G. T. Scott, on 10th Febhave been able to demonstrate the ruary, 1868.'

repairing roads. Some one has wisely said that to judge of the state of morality and civilization of a community we Already our husbandmen are preparing for the incoming crop. The small grain looks promising.

The Y. M. C. A. at St. Luke's is doing a good work. Rev. M. J. Epting has found a hearty welcome and home in the hearts of his flock.

School Commissioner Kibler visited our school last week. He expressed himself as being pleased with the deportment and proficiency tof the students. He has already won the esteem

Mr. Hayne Hawkins, of our community, has entered as a partner in the well known firm of Luther & Lang-

They Back it Up. The superior merits, as a blood-puri-

fier and invigorating tonic, possessed by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, warrant its manufacturers in selling it (as they are doing through druggists) under a positive guarantee that, if given cause arising, as skin, scalp and scrofupay for papers.

The parciner failing within or cure, or money returned. Mrs. R. Loughlin, aged 103 years, the

A FATAL FIGHT AT JOHNSTON.

Snow Balling Ends in Shooting, and a Col-ored Man is Killed.

[Special to News and Courier.] Johnston, February 11.-A shooting scrape occurred here to-day be-tween John Anderson, white, and Ben Holmes, colored, which resulted in the instant death of the latter. Seven shots were exchanged, Holmes shooting twice and Anderson five times. The difficulty orignated from a sham snow balling fight. From the testimony taken before the jury of inquest it seems that Anderson acted in self-defence The verdict of the jury was that "Ben Holmes was shot and killed by gun shot wounds in the forehead and shoulder in the hands of John Anderson Miss Janie A. Kinard is visiting her and that said John Anderson did the shooting while acting in self-defence.' A warrant has been issued for Anderson by Trial Justice Waters, but it is Miss Mary Kinard, and little sister reported that Anderson immediately

THE WATERMELON ALLIANCE.

self to the sheriff.

their saw mill in the community of Five Thousand Acres will Still be Planted Provided the Railroads Reduce Freight Charges.

[Special to the News and Courier.] BLACKVILLE, February 11 .- A meet ng of the Watermelon Alliance was neld here to-day. There was represented 5.000 agres of land, and it was moved Mr. James Crosson, accompanied by and carried that the planting of this acreage should be contingent upon a reduction in freight. A committee was appointed to confer

with the South Carolina Railway officials, and in the event of their not acceding to the reduction in freights the executive committee was ordered to reduce the acreage to be planted in After hearing the report of the chair man of "the executive" committee and

ing adjourned subject to the call of the executive committee. CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bron-

chitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's

The Agricultural Portfolio. .

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.-The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Norman J. Colman of Missouri to be Secretary of Agriculture; Adlai E. Stevenson of young lady for remembering us with a Illinois to be Associate Justice of the nice cake presented in remembrance of Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, vice Wm. M. Merrick, deceas-

> EVERY NIGHT I SCRATCHED Until the skin was raw. Body covered

with scales like spots of mortar. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies. l am going to tell you of the extraordinary clauge your CUTICURA REMEDIES performed on me. About the 1st of April last I noticed some red pimples like coming out all over my body, but thought nothing of it until some time later on, when it began to look like spots of morter spotted on, and which came off in layers, accompanied with itching. I would scratch every night until I, was raw, then the next night the scales, being formed meanwhile, were scratched off again. In vain did I consult all the doctors in the country, but without aid. After giving up all hope of recovery, I happered to see an advertisement in the newspaper about your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and purchased them from my druggist, and obtained almost immediate relief. I began to notice that the scaly cruptions gradually dropped off and disappeared I am going to tell you of the extraordinary tions gradually dropped off and disappeared one by one, and have been fully cured. I had the disease thirteen months before I began or five weeks was entirely cared. My disease was eczema and peoriasis. I recommended was eczema and peorlasis. I recommended
the CUTICURA REMEDIES to all in my vicinity,
and I know of a great many who have taken
them, and thank me for the knowledge of
them, e-pecially mothers who have babes
with scally eruptions on their heads and

been to me. My body was covered with scales, and I was an awful spectacle to be-hold. Now my skin is as nice and clear as a GEO. COTEY, Merrill, Wis. Sept. 21, 187. Feb. 7, 1388.—Not a trace whatsoever of the disease from which I suffered has shown it-self since my cure. GEO COTEY.

We cannot do justice to the esteem in which CUTICUEA, the great Skin Gure, and CUTICUEA SOAP an exquisite Skin a unifier, prepared from it, and CUTICUEA ROSOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, are held by the thousands upon thousands whose lives have been made happy by the cure of sgonizing, humilisting itching, scaly and pimply diseases of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c. SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT. \$1 Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAE CO., Boston Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases, 64 pages. 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials." PIMPLES, black heads, red. rough, chapped and oily ski prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

UTERINE PAINS And Weskness instantly relieved by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plas-ter, a Perfect Antidote to Pain, In-fiammation and Weakness A new-instantaneous and infallible pain, killing plaster. 25 cents.

New Advertisements. WANTED.

GOOD PRINTER. Single man A GOOD PRINTED.

preferred. Address H. M. S Leesville, S. C. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF NEWBERRY.-IN COMMON PLEAS. M. A. Carlisle vs. Henry Mitchell. BY order of the Court herein, dated 9 Feb'y, 1889, I will sell at public outery before the Court House at New berry, on the First Monday in March, "all that tract or plantation of land (the property of the defendant) in the County of Newberry and State aforesaid, and lying Northwest of the Town of Newberry, containing Thirty-

three Acres, more or less, and bounded

by lands of Wm. Y. Fair and others.

being the same tract conveyed to the TERMS: The purchaser will be required to pay in cash one half of the purchase money, and to secure the balance payable on the first day of January, 1890, with interest from the day of sale, by a bond and mortgage of the premises—and to pay for papers.
SILAS JOHNSTONE, Master.

Master's Office, 9 Feb., 1889. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF NEWBERRY .- IN COMMON PLEAS.

Frick Company, Plaintiffs, vs. Jas. H. Dennis et al., Defendants.

Foreclosure. BY order of the Court herein, dated 22 Dec., 1887, I will resell (at the risk of the purchaser who has failed

to comply with the terms of sale on saleday in February, 1889,) at public outcry before the Court House at New berry, on the First Monday in March, 1889, in one or more parcels, as indicated by plats thereof to be exhibited at the sale, all that plantation or tract of land, the property of the defendant, Jas. H. Dennis, in the County and State aforesaid, on the waters of Bush river and Scott creek, containing (243) Two Hundred and Forty-three Acres, more or less, and bounded by lands of the estate of Moses Coppock, deceased, . J. Paysinger, and estate of Mrs

Caroline Teague, deceased. TERMS: The purchaser will be required to pay in cash one-half of the purchase money, and to secure the ing from a deranged or torpid liver, as balance payable at twelve months with indigestion, or dyspepsia, and all hu- interest from the day of sale by a bond mors, or blood taints, from whatever and mortgage of the premises, and to

> five days to comply with the terms of sale, the property will be reseliat his risk on the next succeeding Saleday thereafter.

Master's Office, 9 Feb., 1889.

New Advertisements OPERA HOUSE. The Loudest Laugh of the

SATURDAY, TEBRUARY FOWLER & WARMING ON CO. in their New and Revised Version of The Play that has made all America Laugh

Season.

BY THE

NEW FEATURES, NEW SPECIALTIES, AND ALL NEW MUSIC. WITH MISS SALLY COHEN, WM. BLAIS-DEL, JR., GUS. FRANKEL, CHAS. J. HAGAN, AND A BRILLIANT COTERIE OF COMEDIANS.

FUNNIER THAN EVER BEFORE Prices 81.00, 75c, 50c, and 25c. Seats can be secured in advance at the Newberry Book Store.

LAND TAXES. OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR,

NEWBERRY, S. C., February 13, 1889. IN compliance with instructions from the Comptroller General and obedience to requirements of the act the following act is published for the infor-

mation of the people.
W. W. HOUSEAL, AN ACT

To Allow Unimproved Lands which have been on the Tax Books since 1875 to be Listed Without Penalty.
SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representati of the State of South Carolina, no met and sitting in General Assembly attending to routine business the meetand by authority of the same. That in all cases where unimproved land which has not been on the tax books since the fiscal year commencing November 1st, 1875, and which are not on the forfeited list, shall at any time before the 1st day of October, 1888, be returned to the County Auditor for taxation, the said Auditor be, and he is hereby, instructed to assess the same and to enter it upon the duplicate of the fiscal year commencing November

1st, 1887, with the simple taxes of that year. SEC. 2. That all such lands as may be returned to the Auditor for taxation between the first day of October, 1888, and the first day of October, 1889, shall be assessed and charged with the sim-ple taxes of the two fiscal years commencing respectively on the first day of November, 1887, and the first day of November, 1888.

SEC. 3. That as soon as practicable after the passage of this Act the Comptroller General is directed to furnish a copy of the same to each Auditor in the State, and the Auditors are required to publish the same in each of their county papers once a week for three months during the year 1888, and for the same period of time during the year 1889; and the cost of such publication shall be paid by the County Treasurer, upon the order of the County commissioners, out of the ordinary County tax last collected. Approved December 19, 1888.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF NEWBERRY.-IN COURT COMMON PLEAS.

Wheeler and Daniel acah M. Wheeler, Executors, Plaintiffs, vs. George Metze, Defendant. Execution: rtue of an execution in the B abov stated case to me directed Newberry Court House bodie. I cannot express in words the thanks to you for what the CUTICURA REMEDIES have I will sell at on the first Mcaday in Mar

> and being in said county and State containing Forty-Eight (48) Acres, more or less, and bounded by lands of John Metze, Calvin Metze, Joseph Bo land. Michael Bowers and others Levied upon as the property of Geo Metze, Defendant, to pay and satisfy said execution

being the 4th day of said month, all that

tract or parcel of land, situate, ly

To be sold at the risk of the former purchaser on Saleday in February, 1889. Terms Cash. Purchaser to pay for apers. W. W. RISER, Sheriff Newberry County,

Sheriff's Office, February, 12, 1889.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF NEWBERRY. Ex Parte Jane A. Chalmers-Petition NOTICE is hereby given that the Petitioner, Jane A. Chalmers, has applied before the Master of the Couny aforesaid, to have her homestead in

he real estate and personal estate of

her late hasband, Thomas B. Chaimers, decease in accordance with law. SILAS JOHNSTON

Master's Office, February NOTICE. A LL PERSONS are hereby bidden to hire or harbor Willie Albritton or Henry Davis. persons being under contract wit or the year 1889. Persons so hirti

harboring the said Willie Albrition Henry Davis will be prosecuted to extent of the law. WESSINGER & DERRICK

Notice of Final Settlement TOTICE is hereby given that th undersigned will make a final settlement on the Estate of David Koon deceased, on the first day of Marel A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock in the for noon, and immediately thereafter. ply for a final discharge as add trators de bonis non, with the wil nexed, of said David Koon, deces All persons holding demands again

said estate must present them on day or be barred. WALLACE P. KOON, JOHN M. KSON. Adm'rs, &c., of David Koon, dec'd.

TAKE NOTICE. OUR books will be open until February 15, 1990 ruary 15, 1889, for settlement of accounts. All accounts not paid by then will be placed in the hands of a

Trial Justice for collection or suit. I. H. HUNT. Manager Hunt's Book Store. HARRY H. BLEASE

Attorney at Law,

NEWBERRY, S. C. Office-Rooms 5 and 6 over the store of Smith & Wearn.

Lovelace House. H AVING leased the large and centrally located house, formerly the Fallaw House, I have opened a

first-class Boarding House and will keep the table supplied with the best the market affords, and I can assure all that the cooking cannot be surpassed. Good airy rooms. I solicit the generous patronage of the local and traveling public. MRS. B. H. LOVELACE.

